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TWO CENTS. GERMAN RETREAT NOW PRECIPITATE

HINDENBURG LINE DENTED: PRESSURE IS STILL GOING ON

No. 27,154.

Prisoners by August 1, Gen. March Says.

OVER 1,300 FIELD GUNS WON BY ALLIED ARMY

British Extend Their Lines. French Troops Create New Deep Salient by Recent Advance.

That the British forces have overrun depth of one mile on a front of three miles and that the pressure was being continued today, was the announcemen of staff, to the newspaper men. He said ican that up to August 1 the allies had cap-tured 112,000 German prisoners and more fighting

This Hindenburg line has figured for the Germans in their efforts to preduring the winter.

Still Hammering at Line.

The experts hardly dared hope that make a dent in it, but it has been dented, according to the reports, and the hammering is still going on.
Summarizing the military activities on the western front since Saturday, Gen. March said the British had carried the allied lines between the Scarpe and the Somme over the hilly plains east of Albert against determined resistance on the part of the enemy. Last Sunday this advance resulted in the capture of the Arras-Crange hills, and on Tuesday the British continued to a depth of five miles along the very important Cambrai-Arras road.

On the French front the attack Tuesday on a ten-mile front went forward two miles and culminated in the capture of Roye. Since then very important ground to the east of this place also has been captured.

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Another Deep Salient Made.

The French advance noted in this morning's official statement from Paris, Gen. March said, marks the creation of another deep salient in the enemy lines which is now being put "between the pincers." The French have reached Nesle and are within two miles of the Somme at this point.

Gen. Cabell Announces Agreement.

Brig. Gen. Cabell reached an agreement with Capt. A. J. Abasolo, commander of the Mexican forces in No-mailer of t within two miles of the Somme at this point.

Gen. March confirmed the reported advance of the Austrians in Albania resulting in the withdrawal of the Italian front, east of Berat.

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Location of U. S. Troops.

In answer to questions, Gen. March said the 91st Division (troops of Alaska. Pacific coast States, Idaho, Wyoming, Montana and Nevada) now is in training in France and attached to the 5th Army Corps. Brig. Gen. Frederick S. Foltz is temporarily commanding, but Gen. Pershing is known to have designated a major general to take command.

The fighting began at 4:15 yesterday afternoon when a Mexican attempted to cross into the United States. A. A. Barber, a United States customs guard, twice ordered the Mexican to halt and when the latter failed to comply Barber drew his pistol but did not fire.

Two Mexican customs guards, account, resented his interference with the Mexican and ordered to the 5th Army Corps. Brig. Gen. Their bullets missed Barber, but struck Corporal Barney Lotz, in charge of the American guards. Lotz was shot through the arm and the lungs afternoon when a Mexican attempted to toos into the United States. A. A. Barber, a United States customs guard, twice ordered the Mexican to halt and when the latter failed to comply Barber's account, resented his interference with the Mexican and ordered the Mexican to halt and when the latter failed to comply Barber's account, resented his interference with the Mexican and over the complete of the Mexican customs guards, and when the latter failed to comply Barber's account, resented his interference with the Mexican and over the complete of the Mexican customs guards, and when the latter failed to comply Barber's account, resented his interference with the Mexican customs guards, and the latter failed to comply Barber's account, resented his interference with the Mexican customs guards, and the latter failed to comply Barber's account, resented his interference with the Mexican and order of the Mexican customs guards, and the latter failed to comply Barber's account, resented his interference with t general to take command.

The 40th Division (troops from the National Guard of California, Utah, Arizona, New Mexico and Colorado) has not yet reached France.

U-BOAT CREW MURDERS PASSENGERS OF SHIP

Steamer Torpedoed Without Warn ing and Shelled as Lifeboats Were Being Lowered.

sons lost. There were only eight survivors out of the forty-six of the

crew and passengers on board.

The U-boat torpedoed the vessel without warning, killing several of the crew. While a boat was being Mexican side of the boundary line, lowered from the Lydiana a second torpedo struck the vessel. The boat torpedo struck the vessel. The boat was torn from its davits, but she kept her keel. Seeing this, the submarine rammed her and cut her in two. The enemy then turned and rammed a second boat which had been launched successfully. A young woman of twenty-three, one of the passengers, was thrown high in the air by the impact and killed. The captain of the Lydiana was killed in the same crash.

the Lydiana was killed in the same crash.

The Germans then endeavored to sink a raft carrying the remaining survivors. At first their efforts were without success. When one of the ship's officers left the raft to swim back to the sinking Lydiana the submarific turned, and the officer was killed by its propellers.

After finally disposing of the Lydiana by shellfire the U-boat made a sixth and successful attempt to ram the raft amid laughter from the U-boat's captain and crew. The submarine then turned and disappeared toward the east.

The eight survivors were picked up from the sea by patrol boats.

TO PAY FOR NORWAY SHIPS.

Berlin Gives Assurance in U-Boat Cases Outside Danger Zone.

ment. replying to Norway's protest against the sinking of Norwegian government ships outside the danger zone, has Ceclared it will compensate Norway should that country prove the ships (Continued on Second Page.)

Senator Beckham Announces Death When the Senate convened at non-senator Beckham of Kentucky announced the death of his colleague and caring for the wounded. Six dead were taken from one Mexican house, has Ceclared it will compensate Norway should that country prove the ships (Continued on Second Page.)

3 AMERICANS DEAD. 28 ARE WOUNDED IN BORDER FIGHT

112,000 Germans Taken Capt. Hungerford One of Victims of Clash With Mexicans at Nogales.

> AGREEMENT IS REACHED TO AVOID MORE TROUBLE

> Battle on Arizona Line Results From Attempt of Man to Force Way Into United States.

NOGALES, Ariz., August 28.-An agreement by which further trouble will be avoided resulted today de this morning by Gen. March, chief from a conference between Amerand Mexican officials who summoned here following fighting at the international line

late yesterday between American soldiers and Mexicans, in which three the past week in all the forecasts of the experts as the presumedly "last stand" eight wounded. The Mexican casualeight wounded. The Mexican casual ties in the fighting are variously estimated at from 150 to 200.

one officer and two enlisted men wer

Firing Becomes General.

As the Mexicans' bullets struck Lotz Barber returned the fire and felled the Mexican guard who had mortally wounded the corporal. The firing then became general, Mexicans appearing suddenly in the doorways of houses, on the roofs of buildings and in the surrounding hills and shooting across International avenue, which forms the boundary line.

forms the boundary line.

American soldiers on patrol duty returned the fire and an appeal for reinforcements was sent to Camp Stephen Little. Lieut. Col. Herman responded with four companies of infantry and two troops of colored

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, August 28.—Deals of the sinking of the French steamer Lydiana off the north coast of Spain on July 16 show that the crew of the German submarine deliberately murdered most of the thirty-eight persons lost. There were only sight arr.

Sing as They Charge.

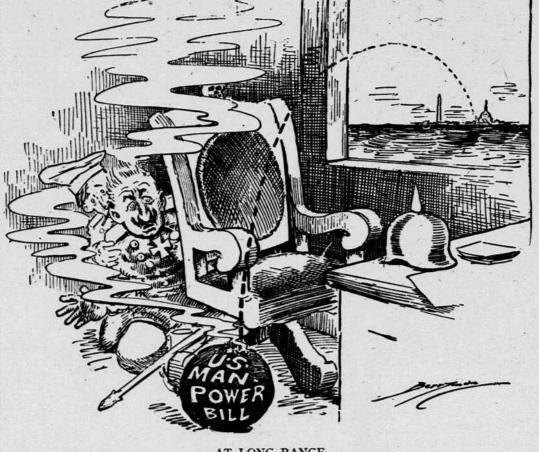
The infantry followed the colored rushed forward singing, "Hail, Hail, the Gang's All Here." The cavalry-men scattered into the brush, while the infantry, fighting in the open, were_subjected to a withering fire from the Mexican rifles. Several machine guns, placed on the

Several machine guns, placed on the hills on the American side, inflicted heavy casualties on the Mexicans, the bullets ploughing through houses in all parts of the Mexican town. After an hour and a half of steady fighting the Mexicans ran up a white flag on top of the Mexican custom house and American Consul E. M. Lawton, who was in the consulate in the Mexican town, went into consultation with Capt. A. J. Abasolo, commanding the Mexican federal troops.

At this meeting it was agreed to cease firing on both sides until 1 o'clock this morning, but desultory firing continued for more than an hour, as a result of the difficulty experienced in getting orders to civilian

nour, as a result of the difficulty ex-perienced in getting orders to civilian snipers and others who were widely scattered among the hills and upon the roofs of buildings.

The armistica street



AT LONG RANGE

SUFFICIENT MILK

A revised list of the casualties suffered by the Americans showed that OF KENTUCKY DEAD!

Succumbs to Acute Kidney Trouble at Hospital in Baltimore.

CONGRESS PAYS TRIBUTE



SENATOR JAMES.

BALTIMORE, Md., August 28.-Senator Ollie M. James of Kentucky died at Johns Hopkins Hospital today of an acute affection of the kidneys Mrs. James and the senator's brother end came at 6:45 a.m.

at the hospital for about three months. Physicians at first believed that he had a good change to regain his health and an operation was performed. Later his condition became more serious and transfusion of blood was made on several occasions. The senator rallied recently when in-formed of his renomination to the Senate and for a time held his own but later his condition again becam grave and he steadily grew weaker At about 2 o'clock this morning his attendants saw that the end was near and Mrs. James and the senator's brother were summoned to the bed-side.

Both Houses of Congress Adjourn Out of Respect to Senator James' Memory

Both Senate and House adjourned oday immediately, out of respect to Senator James, who has given long Kaiser Unable to Leave Bedside of and distinguished service and was universally popular, among democrats and republicans alike, in both bodies gress were appointed to accompan tend the funeral at the James home

Brief tributes to Senator James were paid today by colleagues in Congress and virtually all business suspended with flags of the Capitol ordered at half staff for thirty days.

United States entered the war, in ar

IS AVAILABLE HERE District Health Officer Fowler Refutes Children's Bureau Claim of Shortage.

There is no milk shortage in Wash

enough milk to drink, as reported by the children's bureau of the United States Department of Labor, it can not be attributed to insufficient supply This statement was made today by District Health Officer Fowler. He deduction in the quantity given infants

Should Not Use Substitute.

Whatever economies families may

is vaid to be more or less reflected in other cities.

Representatives of the bureau visited 272 families in Washington and found that more than half the children between two and seven years of age are receiving no fresh milk to drink, while fully one-third of the babies under two are not receiving the three cups a day considered necessary for proper growth and development.

Advance Within Proportion.

Dr. Fowler does not believe the price of milk had advanced out of propor-tion to prices on other foods since the war began, and that families which are cutting down their expenses by buying less milk are making a serious

PRIVATE HAYES AT POST: **EVADES CAPTURE BY HUNS**

After evading capture by the Germans, Private William T. Haves 717 10th street southeast, who was reported "missing in action" in the casualty list several days ago, has

A brief announcement by the Wa Department today stated that Private Hayes has reported "present for

EMPRESS' CONDITION IS REPORTED WORSE

Wife-Increasing Heart Weakness Indicated.

empress, who has been ill for several days, has taken a turn for the worse, according to a message received in warded to the Exchange Telegraph

The message adds that her heart displays increasing weakness. Emperor William has not been able to leave the bedside of his wife, who is at the castle at Wilhelmshohe. It is declared that no bulletin on the empress' condition will be published in order not to alarm the people. Earlier reports received through Amsterdam intimated that the empress' condition had improved.

Operations in Albania.

PARIS, August 22.—Eastern the ter (Albania), August 26.—By reast which were which were able to carry out a slight withirther mark to of Senator british aviators bombed enemy byh Page.)

able to carry out a slight withdrawal movement, contact with the
Italian troops has been maintained.
British aviators bombed enemy byounce in the region of Demir-Hissar.

HOLDS UP HOUSING PLAN BY DEMANDS

Man in Southeast Washington Wants \$16,000 for Property Assessed at \$4,500.

OTHERS ASK BIG SUMS

property assessed at \$4,500 for which he demands \$16,000, has been endeavorhe demands \$15,000, has been ing to block the housing development for navy yard workers in Southeast Washington. Similar efforts to hold up the United States Housing Corporation

today, when steps were taken to amend the law as it now stands, so that the today, when steps were taken to amend the law as it flow stands, so that the United States Housing Corporation in such extreme cases will be given the right to seize property forthwith when it is an essential part of a big development project.

Facts Given to House.

These facts were brought out today at a hearing before the House committee on public buildings. The solution of the war, You did more than to give the allies the support to which, as a nation, our faith was pledged. You proved that our altruism, our pacific spirit and our sense of justice has that army been more powerful and menacing than when, on July 15, it struck again to destroy in one great battle the brave men opposed to the world and civilization. "Three days later, in conjunction with our allies, you counter attacked. The allied armies gained a brilliant victory, that marks the turning point of the war. You did more than to give the allies the support to which, as a nation, our faith was pledged. You

mittee on public buildings

mittee on public buildings and grounds, Otto M. Eidlits, director of the housing corporation; Herbert E. Shannon, in charge of the Washington development; Phillip Hiss, a special assistant in the Navy Department, and others testified before the committee.

Mr. Shannon explained that a small block on which is a shanty, rented for not more than \$10 a month, is in the very center of the southeast Washington development for navy yard workers, and is being held for the exorbitant price of \$16,000.

In order to seize and occupy dwellings the housing corporation must petition the court and then show two things; first, the absolute need for the property, and second, that a government building is to be erected therework.

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"We have shown that American in titative and energy are as fit for the tasks of war as for the pursuits of war as for the tasks of war as for the pursuits of war as for the

Mr. Shannon stated his belief that Mr. Shannon stated his belief that the tenant of the property is being paid to remain there and hold out for the price against the government. The counsel for the housing corporation said that a petition to the court is now being prepared, and explained that the local situation is complicated by the Saulsbury resolution.

Need Particular Area.

It was explained that this particular area is being taken for navy yard development because it has 90 per cent of the public utilities needed.

Representative Austin of Tennessee stated emphatically that the present law should be amended and that he is in favor of sending such an amendment to the Senate as soon as possible.

ment to the Senate as soon as possible.

"The work of this important bureau should not be paralyzed by one man in Washington, unpatriotically holding out against the government, and I do not believe that Congress will allow such tactics to prevail," said Representative Austin. Others of the committee voiced the same opinion.

Director Eidlitz testified that the shipping board has absolute authority to requisition whatever properties it may need.

. Losing Many Employes.

That the navy yard is losing many valued employes on account of rent profiteering was testified by Mr. Hiss, who stated that Secretary Daniels feels deep concern in this matter. Mr. Hiss said that some of the navy yard employes are being held up for a 60 and 80 per cent increases in rent. ployes are being held up for a 60 and 80 per cent increase in rent, and that the department is greatly humiliated in not being able to protect such workers. Many of these are leaving to go to work for the Emergency Fleet Corporation, because that corporation can protect them from rent profiteers.

In response to question, Director Eidilits named forty-four housing project developments on which his board is now at work in various sections of the country.

Workman Now Brigadier General.

LONDON, Tuesday, August 27.— Godfrey Jones of Wales is the first British workingman to attain the rank of brigadier general. He enlist-ed in the ranks and during the war has been steadily promoted until he

CHAULNES AND 30 VILLAGES CAPTURED BY THE FRENCH, WHO INFLICT HUGE LOSSES

100,000 CAPTIVES TAKEN BY ALLIES SINCE JULY 18

PARIS, August 28.—Each day accentuates the German defeat and adds to their losses in men, material and prisoners. Since July 18 the allies have taken well over 100,000 prisoners. The guns captured number more than 1,000, and there also have been taken vast stores of ammunition. The British troops from August 8 to August 25, according to Marcel Hutin in the Echo de Paris, alone took 45,000 prisoners and 400 guns. The British casualties in the same period, he says, were far less than the number of Germans captured.

PERSHING LAUDS BRAVERY OF MEN

Altruism Has Not Blinded Virility or Courage, He Tells Troops.

WAR'S TURNING POINT

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Tuesday August 27.—Gen. John J. Pershing, commander-in-chief of the American Army in France, has ssued the following order:
"It fills me with pride to record in

general orders a tribute to the service achievements of the 1st and 1d Corps 28th, 32d and 42d Divisi 28th, 32d and 42d Divisions of the American expeditionary forces. "You came to the battlefield at a cru-

cial hour for the allied cause. For al most four years the most formidabl army the world has yet seen had pressed its invasion of France and stood threatening its capital. At no

SUCCESSOR TO MR. PAGE MAY BE NAMED SOON

President Not Expected to Fill Post at St. James by Transfer From Any Other Embassy.

pointment may be expected soon to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Ambassador Page, no in formation was forthcoming at the White House today upon his probable

The post of ambassador to Grea

The post of ambassador to Great Britain is considered at this time in official circles to be probably the most important diplomatic position outside of this country. President Wilson will, it is said, give the filling of this place immediate attention.

Well informed gossip among the officials today placed no credence in the suggestion that the President's close friend, Col. House, may be chosen. It is thought here that Col. House would not feel disposed to accept it.

Besignation Not Unexpected.

There is ground for the belief that the President will not fill the vacancy by transfer from any other embass, now filled, as all these ambassadors have their hands full with affairs of have their hands full with affairs of great importance with which they are quite familiar.

Ambassador Page's resignation was not entirely unexpected in Washington, as it was known that he has been in bad health for some time, the result of his arduous work prior to and since the entry of the United States into the war.

Cardinal Farley Slightly Better.

NEW YORK, August 28.—The condition of Cardinal Farley, who is suffering from the effects of pneumonia at Mamaroneck, N. Y. was slightly improved today, according to his secretary, Mgr. Carroll, although the attending physicians explained that the cardinal's condition was still regarded as critical.

Army, after beating the Germans in their battle positions before Roye.

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Army, after beating the Sermans in their battle positions before Roye.

Army, after beating the fermans in their battle positions before Roye.

Hun Line Crumbles After Loss of Roye---British Striking East of Arras.

GAIN ON BOTH SIDES OF SOMME; HAIG ADVANCES IN FLANDERS

PARIS, August 28, 4:40 p.m.—Gen. Mangin's troops began crossing the Ailette river today, it was announced here this afternoon.

French troops have reoccupied Mount Renaud, two miles southwest of Noyon, according to the Temps, which says that the French are approaching Noyon, which probably is in their possession.

PARIS, August 28, 1:30 p.m.—The German retreat on the Somme battlefield has become precipitate. The French first and third armies are at no point losing contact with the enemy. The French are inflicting heavy

losses on the retreating Germans. French cavalry is harassing the retreating Germans in the Chaulnes region, hampering the withdrawal of the enemy forces. There is a report that Gen. Mangin's army is crossing the Ailette river.

German forces in southern Picardy are retreating over a

After the capture of Roye by the French yesterday the German front has crumbled. The lines which have held back the French and British for the last two weeks are giving way, and today's official reports show the French on a line less than three miles west of the Somme river and canal.

Thirty villages have been captured by the French in the advance which was started early Tuesday morning. Chaulnes, the center of the German line between Roye and the Somme river as it flows west through the battlefield, has been captured and many other vital points have been taken from the retiring enemy.

While the French have been smashing the enemy's front along the Roye-Chaulnes line the British have swung forward in the sector east of Arras. North of the Arras-Cambrai road they have reached the outskirts of the villages of Haucourt, Remy and Boiry-Notre Dame, about a mile east of the positions where they were known the Somme the British have taken Foucaucourt, while north of the river they have gained nearly all of Trones wood.

In the Flanders area the British have advanced their line over a front of four miles astride the Neuf Berquin road. This is the area from which the Germans have been retiring for the last

Battle on 57-Mile Line.

Allied troops, particularly on the to south of Roye, are pressing the Germans steadily eastward
Every means known to modern war

fare are being used by the enemy to stay the onrush of the British and French, but the allies' machine moves on. Heavy reinforcements have been thrown into the frag by the Germans, The one desire of the enemy appears to be to find a line where he can stand long enough to make an orderly re-

Among the ruins and shell craters of the old Somme battlefield about Bapaume the Germans are putting up a stiff resistance. Bapaume, itself, is now part of no man's land, but the Germans are clinging to every foot as long as possible.

long as possible.

North and south of the Somme the British press onward toward Perome. They are approaching Combles, after overpowering the Germans around Montauban and in the woods of the neighborhood and are east of Maricourt, which gives them possession of the high ground north of the river. The intervening terrain to Peronne is fairly level and open, but the Germans are struggling to hold the British in check.

The number of prisoners has been increased still further and great

Thirty Villages Captured by French Since Yesterday

been occupied by French troops, ac-cording to the official statement issued today by the war office.

ntinued this morning by the French, the statement says. Since yesterday thirty villages have been taken by Among the larger villages taker

by the French are Omiecourt, about two miles east of Chaulnes; Balatre three miles northeast of Roye; Roi east of Roye toward Noyon, and Ver-

Roye Also Taken by French.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES IN FRANCE, August 27.—The 1st French Army, after beating the Germans in their battle positions before Roye, took the town today and now is pur-suing the Germans, who are in retrea-ton a line extending from Hallu to the

Gruny, By Carpui, and to the west of Roiglise and west of Verpillieres.

The French encircling tactics overacame the new German system of defense by the profuse use of machine guns. Strongly protected and heavily armed positions were turned one after the other, until the enemy was obliged to abandon the first and then the second line of defenses of 1914, upon which he fell back after being driven out of Montdidier.

The Germans are now relying on their aviation to protect their retreat.

Their airplanes were out in great rumbers today, attacking the pursuing columns and engaging the French squadrons of observation and pursuit

squadrons of observation and pursuiplanes.

The final break in the German second line came this morning, when,
after repulsing a counter attack upon
St. Mard, the French infantry resumed
the offensive. They completely encircled Roye and threw the enemy
back seven miles east of the town.

In spite of fatigue from the long,
hard campaign Gen, Debeny's men are
going ahead with the ardor and enthusiasm of fresh troops.

Retreat on Wide Front.